

A Comparison Between Online and Traditional Methods of Curriculum Delivery in the COVID-19 Era to Dental and Medical Students of the Faculty of Medical Sciences, St Augustine Campus, UWI

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Introduction

- With the inability to conduct classes in the traditional classroom setting due to the Covid-19 pandemic, students have been forced to adapt to an online curriculum delivery.
- There is limited data about the impact of e-learning on students enlisted in medical programmes within the Caribbean.
- Recent research has found that many students' mental health were affected, and it is crucial for this data to gathered and understood to take steps in combatting mental health challenges.

Objective

The objectives of this project are to determine:

- The differences in student experiences on both online & traditional curriculum delivery.
- The impact of online learning on the physical and mental health of Medical Students.
- The advantages & disadvantages of online & traditional learning.
- Effective information and communication technologies for increasing medical student participation and learning.

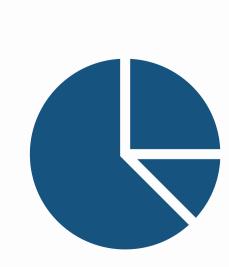
Methodology

- This study was a retrospective cohort study.
- The study population consisted of year 1 and 2 students who are currently pursuing either their MBBS or DDS degrees at the faculty of medical sciences, UWI St Augustine campus.
- Data was collected by distribution of an online questionnaire which was completed voluntarily by 74 students within the study population.

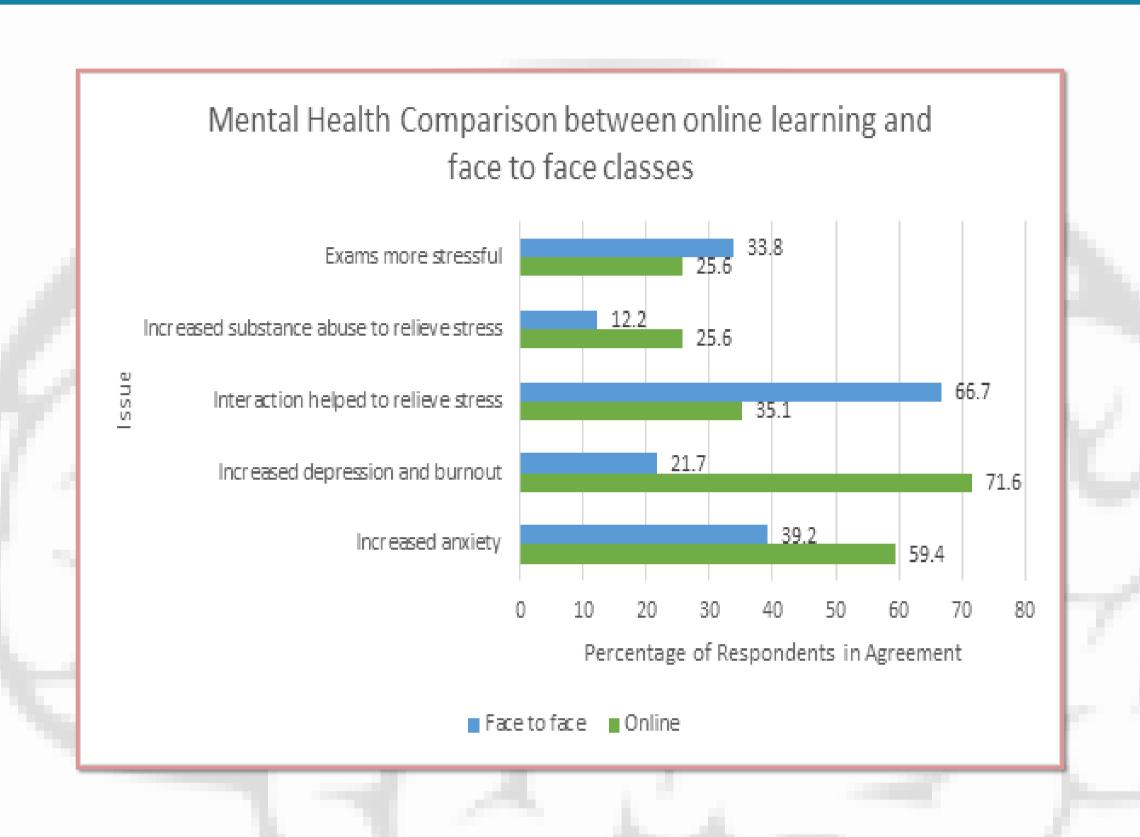


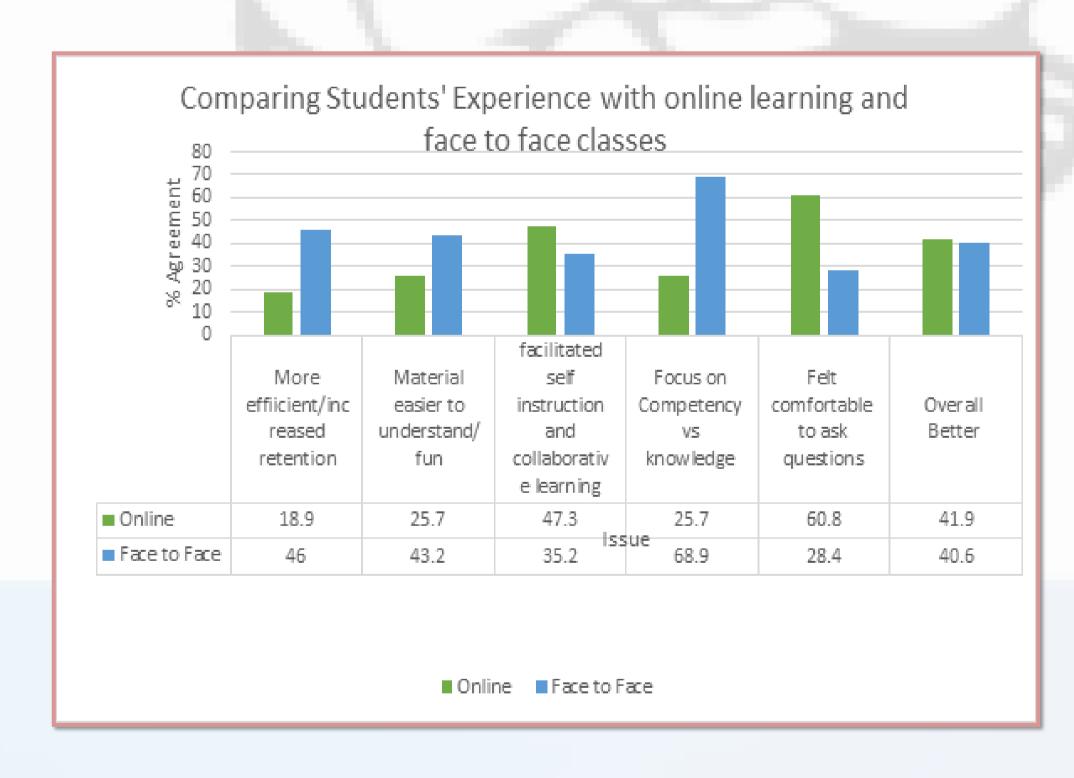


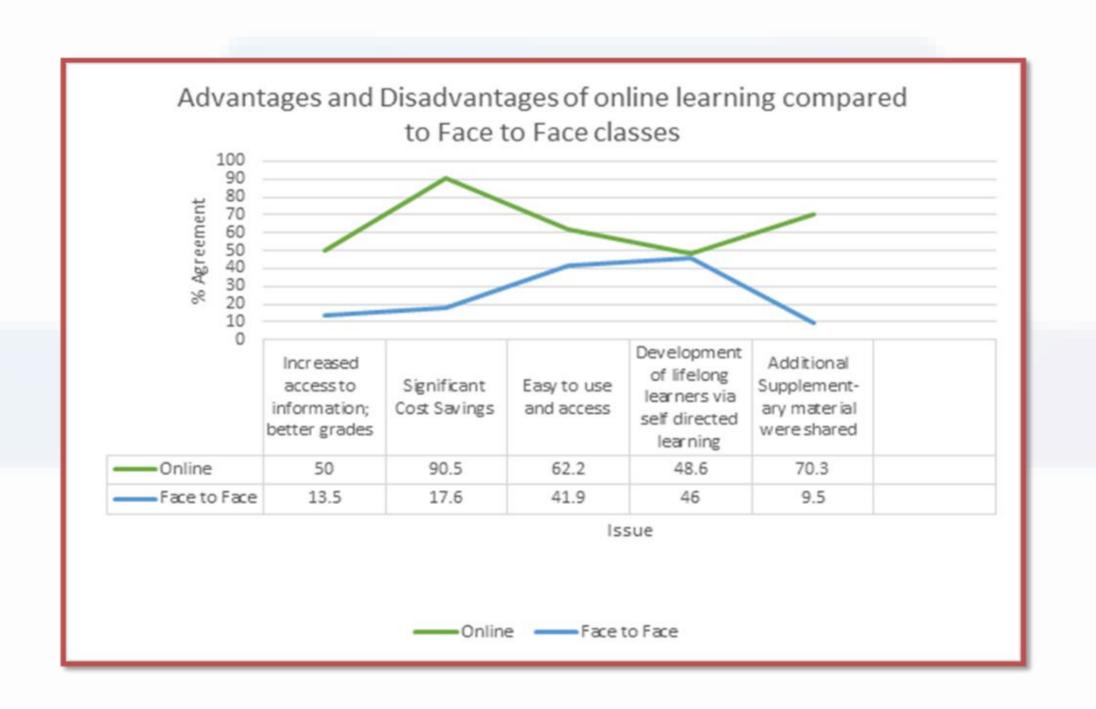




Results







Discussion

Mental health during online learning

- 59.4% of respondents claimed that their anxiety levels increased.
- 71.6% claimed increased depression and burnout.
- 25.7% of respondents claimed increased substance abuse to relieve stress and anxiety.

Student experiences

- 46% of respondents experienced increased retention during face-to-face teaching.
- 43% had an easier time understanding material in face-to-face teaching.
- 68.9% found face-to-face teaching produced greater competency.

Advantages and disadvantages

- 50% of respondents had experienced increased access to information and better grades during online teaching.
- 90% had experienced significant cost savings during online teaching.
- 48.6% claimed increased development of lifelong learners during online teaching.

Conclusion

- Despite the sudden shift from face-to-face learning to an online platform, students preferred online learning even though there was an increase in mental health challenges experienced.
- Online learning was found to be cost effective, flexible and allowed greater opportunities to conduct self-directed learning.
- Traditional teaching methods still hold the most value when it comes to practical skills, lab experiments and overall retention rates.

References

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